**Social Studies 11**

**Post-War/Cold War Unit Review**

**Define/Explain:**

Domino Theory Disarmament Policy of Containment

Marshall Plan Arms Race Red Scare

Cold War Middle Power Truman Doctrine

Nuclear Parity Veto Security Council

UNEF Dumbarton Oaks Draft Dodgers

Tyranny of the Majority Iron Curtain DEW Line

Communism Superpower Rivalry CANDU Reactor

Urbanization Suburbs Multiculturalism

San Francisco Conference CIDA Baby Boom

First Strike Boycott NORAD

Avro Arrow General Assembly Bomarc Missile

Bipolar World NATO Displaced Persons

Columbo Plan Medicare Canada Pension Plan

St. Lawrence Seaway FIRA Warsaw Pact

Trudeaumania Liberation Decade Feminism

Flag Debate Official Languages Act National Energy Program

Ethnic Cleansing Détente Canadarm

NAFTA Genocide Peace Keeping

**Who Were They?**

Gouzenko Truman Churchill

Kennedy Stalin Castro

MacArthur Khrushchev De Gaulle

Eisenhower Diefenbaker McCarthy

St. Laurent Mackenzie-King Pearson

Joey Smallwood Mulroney Joe Clarke

John Turner Kim Campbell Romeo Dallaire

Jean Chretien Terry Fox Gorbachev

**Focus Questions:**

1. What was the purpose of NATO? When and why was this alliance established, and who were its members?
2. What are the advantages and disadvantages of membership in NATO?
3. What was the Warsaw Pact? When was it established? Who were its members?
4. Describe the purpose of the United Nations and its organizational structure. How has Canada benefited from its role in the UN?
5. Who are the five permanent members of the UN Security Council? What special power do they have as permanent members?
6. Give examples of how Americans extended their influence into Canada after WWII.
7. Be able to outline the dates, causes/key conflicts, outcomes, and significance of the following Cold War “Hot Spots”: Suez Canal Crisis, Cuban Missile Crisis, Korean War, and Vietnam War.
8. When and why was the Berlin Wall built? What did it come to symbolize?
9. What was the purpose of NORAD and why was it set-up? How was it designed to reflect Canada’s subsidiary role in the defense of North American?
10. What was the anti-nuclear movement and why did it develop in the 1950’s?
11. What was the Bill of Rights designed to do? When was it passed and what were its strengths and weaknesses?
12. Give examples of the post-war prosperity that existed in Canada.
13. Outline Trudeau’s accomplishments for Canada from 1969 on.
14. Compare and contrast Diefenbaker and Pearson as Prime Ministers. Consider: Legacy, legislative accomplishments, national/foreign policy, governments, and reasons for their coming into and out of power.
15. Outline Canada’s rise as a middle power, paying special attention to its struggle to assert its separation from the United States regarding foreign policy in the post-war era.
16. Outline Canada’s roles in UN Peacekeeping missions including: Persian Gulf War, Yugoslavia, Somalia, Rwanda, Kosovo.



